

Paratherm™ HE

Heat Transfer Fluid

 Distributed By: 

High Purity | Industrial Grade Formulation | High Flash Point

OVERVIEW

Paratherm™ HE is an economical workhorse fluid formulated from highly refined petroleum base stocks for improved performance vs. standard mineral oil heat transfer fluids. Paratherm HE is engineered for high-performance to 600°F (316°C) in closed-loop liquid phase heating systems in a variety of industrial applications.

OPERATING RANGE



37°F (3°C) to 630°F (332°C)

PERFORMANCE FEATURES

- High purity formulation resists fouling
- NSF HT-1 food grade heat transfer fluid / Kosher approved
- Best-in-class thermal stability
- Low vapor pressure / high flash point

TYPICAL INDUSTRIES

- Asphalt Processing & Storage
- Oil & Gas Processing
- Food & Beverage Processing
- Plastics, Polymers & Textiles
- Industrial Drying Processes

TYPICAL PROPERTIES

Product Chemistry	Hydrotreated Paraffinic
Appearance	Nearly Water-White Liquid
Odor	Nearly Odorless
Maximum Film Temperature	650°F (343°C)
Maximum Operating Temperature (Fired Heaters)	600°F (316°C)
Maximum Operating Temperature (Other Heaters)	630°F (332°C)
Minimum Operating Temperature, 20 cPs (20 mPa-s)	127°F (53°C)
Minimum Start-Up Temperature, 300 cPs (300 mPa-s)	37°F (3°C)
Kinematic Viscosity, cSt @ 40°C (104°F)	41.5
Kinematic Viscosity, cSt @ 100°C (212°F)	6.4
Kinematic Viscosity, cSt @ 316°C (600°F)	0.63
Density @ 60°F/15.5°C, lb/gal (kg/m ³)	7.2 (863)
Pensky-Martens Closed Cup Flash Point (ASTM D93)	> 410°F (>210°C)
Average Boiling Point (14.7 psia/101 kPa)	810°F (432°C)
Vapor Pressure @ Maximum Operating Temperature, psia (kPa)	0.9 (6.2)
% Volumetric Expansion Over Operating Range, per 100°F (°C)	5.2 (9.4)
Average Molecular Weight	445

*These are typical laboratory values and do not represent a specification. Full engineering properties can be found at www.paratherm.com

ADDITIONAL PRODUCT HIGHLIGHTS

Standard industrial grade heat transfer fluids often contain impurities such as asphaltenes, aromatics, and sulfur compounds that tend to discolor the fluid. Paratherm HE is engineered from high purity base stocks and is free of such impurities, evidenced by its nearly water-white appearance. This high purity reduces fouling potential and improves thermal stability. Industry standard stability testing shows Paratherm HE outperforms standard industrial grade heat transfer fluids, forming less low and high boiling compounds upon thermal decomposition.

Paratherm HE also exhibits very low vapor pressure over its operating range, which means improved oxidation resistance in atmospherically vented expansion tanks vs. fluids with higher vapor pressures.

CUSTOMER SUPPORT

Paratherm specializes in the supply and support of heat transfer fluid technologies. As such, our business is structured to meet the unique needs of our customers. Multiple distribution sites and 24/7 response ensure product is at your facility when you need it with no minimum order quantity. We provide expert support by phone, email, or on-site visits when necessary.

EXTENDING FLUID LIFETIME

When Paratherm fluids are used as recommended they can provide many years of reliable service. Systems using Paratherm fluids should be designed and installed by qualified engineers and should be maintained as any other critical production asset. Fluid

oxidation is the leading cause of the most serious maintenance issues associated with closed-loop heat transfer systems—including cold spots, heater coking, plugged pressure sensors and ultimately fluid gelling. Paratherm recommends installation of a nitrogen blanket on the expansion tank to prevent oxidation of the fluid. All systems may benefit from side-stream filtration to promote long-term fluid and system reliability.

FLUID ANALYSIS SERVICES

Paratherm offers a comprehensive fluid monitoring service to help keep systems running at their best. Our state-of-the-art laboratory is certified to ISO 9001:2015 and well-equipped to run all critical tests. Annual testing is recommended and can identify system issues before they become catastrophic. The fluid in new systems should be tested within 9 to 12 months of start-up. New fluid in existing systems should be tested within the first month of operation to establish a base line for future testing, and annually thereafter.

REPLACING FLUID

Replacement should be preceded by analysis of the fluid to determine if cleaning or flushing of the system is recommended prior to introducing new heat transfer fluid. Newly commissioned systems typically do not require cleaning before filling. Paratherm recommends installation of a Y-strainer with a minimum 60-mesh screen up-stream of the pump to catch any residues from manufacturing and construction of system components.

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The information and recommendations in this literature are made in good faith and are believed to be correct as of the below date. The user or specifier should independently determine the suitability and fitness of Paratherm Heat Transfer Fluids for use in your specific application. We warrant that its products conform to Paratherm's manufacturing specifications as of the date of delivery. Because our assistance is furnished without charge, and because we have no control over the fluids end use or the conditions under which it will be used, we make no other warranties – expressed or implied, including the warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular use or purpose (recommendations in this bulletin are not intended nor should be construed as approval to infringe on any existing patent). The user's exclusive remedy, and Paratherm's sole liability is limited to refund of the purchase price or replacement of any product proven to be otherwise than warranted. Paratherm will not be liable for incidental or consequential damages of any kind.